4B vocabulary and grammar

to talk about manners & customs

saludar(se) to greet abrazar(se) to hug besar(se) to kiss dar(se) la mano to shake hands despedir(se) (de) (e-i) to say goodbye (to) sonreír (e-i) to smile los modales the manners la costumbre the customs

to talk about people

charlar to chat contar (o-ue) to tell contar cuentos to tell stories contar chistes to tell jokes reírse (e-í) to laugh el, la bebé the baby los mayores the grown ups **los parientes** the relatives **reunirse** $(u-\dot{u})$ to meet la reunión the gathering alrededor de around **llevarse bien** to get along well **Ilevarse mal** to get along badly

to talk about special events

nacer to be born

cumplir años to have a birthday casarse (con) to get married (to)

divertirse (e-ie) to have fun

regalar to give a gift or, to give away

el aniversario the anniversary

la fiesta de sorpresa the surprise party

felicitar to congratulate

ifelicidades! congratulations!

el día festivo the holiday

el desfile the parade

enorme enormous

los fuegos artificiales the fireworks hacer un picnic to have a picnic

to discuss the past

antiguo, a old, ancient **frecuentemente** frequently había there was, there were

mientras while

mientras que whereas recordar to remember

PRETERITE

definite point on your life timeline completed action, has beginning & end sequence of events bound by time interrupter of an ongoing action

IMPERFECT

repeated actions, "use to, would" progressive & ongoing "-ing" multiple actions happening simultaneously

background info: time, mood, location, age, description, weather, mental verbs the imperfect verb is the ongoing action interrupted by the preterite action

RECIPROCAL ACTIONS

| me | nos |
|---------------|-----|
| ŧe | os |
| se | se |

sometimes the reflexive pronouns can be used to express that a verb is done "to each other". For example, greeting each other (saludarse), kissing each other (besarse) & hugging each other (abrazarse)